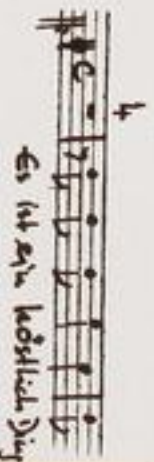


Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD DS Mus.ms 446/1

Es ist ein köstlich Ding, daß/ ein Verlaßener/a/2 Violin/
Viola/Canto/Alto/Tenore/2 Bassi/e/Continuo./Dn.p.N.Anonn./
1738.



Autograph Dezember 1737. 35 x 21 cm.

partitur: 6 Bl. Alte Zählung: 3 Bogen.

14 St.: C(2x), A(2x), T, B 1, 2, vl 1(2x), 2, vla, vlne(2x), bc.
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2 Bl.

Alte Sign.: 171/2. Text: Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1738.

Mus 446 / 1

Christ ein Trösterling, das ein Proletus geduldtig sey 5C

171

2.

733871

Partitur

M: : 1738-30^{te} Jahrgang
Jan:

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics include:

Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics include:

Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe

Handwritten musical score for the third system, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics include:

Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe
 Ich bin ein Kind der Liebe

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are written in a cursive script, likely German, and are interspersed with the musical notation. The page shows signs of age, including discoloration and some wear along the edges.

Continuation of the handwritten musical score, showing further staves of music and lyrics. The notation is consistent with the previous section, and the lyrics continue in the same cursive script.

Final section of the handwritten musical score on this page, concluding with several staves of music and lyrics. The page is bound on the left side, and the right edge shows the gutter of the book.

Handwritten musical notation on a single system, featuring a vocal line with a treble clef and a lute line with a C-clef. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the notes.

Handwritten musical notation on a single system, featuring a vocal line with a treble clef and a lute line with a C-clef. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the notes.

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Handwritten musical notation on a single system, featuring a vocal line with a treble clef and a lute line with a C-clef. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the notes.



Handwritten musical score for "Gloria in excelsis Deo" by Johann Sebastian Bach, BWV 111. The score is written on 15 staves, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, and clefs. The text "Gloria in excelsis Deo" is written in a cursive script across the staves. The manuscript is aged and shows signs of wear, with some ink bleed-through from the reverse side.

Handwritten musical score on a single staff system. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes) and rests. The lyrics are written in German and include the words "Gäule", "an", "fin", and "Gäule".

Handwritten musical score on a single staff system. The notation includes various note values and rests. The lyrics are written in German and include the words "Gäule", "an", "fin", and "Gäule".

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Handwritten musical score on a single staff system. The notation includes various note values and rests. The lyrics are written in German and include the words "Gäule", "an", "fin", and "Gäule".

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper. The first system consists of three staves with various musical notes and rests. The second system includes a vocal line with German lyrics written below the notes: "mit dem heiligen Geiste". The third system continues the musical notation with more notes and rests.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper. The first system consists of three staves with various musical notes and rests. The second system includes a vocal line with German lyrics written below the notes: "mit dem heiligen Geiste". The third system continues the musical notation with more notes and rests.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper. The first system consists of three staves with various musical notes and rests. The second system includes a vocal line with German lyrics written below the notes: "mit dem heiligen Geiste". The third system continues the musical notation with more notes and rests.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in brown ink on aged paper. The first system consists of three staves with various musical notes and rests. The second system includes a vocal line with German lyrics written below the notes: "mit dem heiligen Geiste". The third system continues the musical notation with more notes and rests.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and German lyrics. The text is written in a cursive script, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The lyrics are:

Grundes das ist unser selbster der Gott ist in der Welt
 der die Götter der Welt ist in der Welt der die Götter der Welt
 will alle die die Götter der Welt ist in der Welt der die Götter der Welt

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and clefs, along with dynamic markings like *pp.* (pianissimo) and *ff.* (fortissimo). The paper shows signs of age, including discoloration and some wear at the edges.

Handwritten musical score for "Gott der Herrscher über die Welt" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written on ten staves, featuring complex polyphonic textures with multiple voices and instruments. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, time signatures, and dynamic markings. The lyrics are written in German, and the score is signed "J. S. Bach" at the bottom right.

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.*, *f.*, and *pp.*. The notation includes various note values and rests, with some staves showing more complex rhythmic patterns.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, continuing the composition with multiple staves. It includes dynamic markings like *pp.*, *f.*, and *pp.*, and features some text annotations in German, such as "bis auf das Ende des Chors" and "bis auf das Ende des Chors".

Handwritten musical score for the third system, concluding the page with multiple staves. It includes dynamic markings like *pp.*, *f.*, and *pp.*, and features some text annotations in German, such as "bis auf das Ende des Chors" and "bis auf das Ende des Chors".

Soli De Gloria.

Sei es ein *Orgel* Ding, *oder*
 ein *Harpsichord*!

a

2 Violin.

Viola

Cant.

Alt.

Tenor

2 Bassi

c

Continuo.

Dr. p. H. H. H. H.
 1738.

Crucifixus.

Sanctus.

Maest.

Capell

Keyw.

Was Gott

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs. The text "Herr Gott" is visible at the top left. The manuscript is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.



Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and time signatures. The text "Choral." is visible on the left side of the manuscript. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Choral.

Meine Darleib, still

pp.

pp.

pp.

pp.

9

1

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.* (pianissimo) and *fort.* (forte). The score is divided into sections, with a prominent section labeled "Recitat" (Recitative) in the middle. The manuscript shows signs of wear, including torn edges and some staining.

Violino I.

10

Es ist am köpfe. Vngar. *pp.* *Forl.*

Das Danken. *pp.*

Forl. *pp.*

Capo Recitat. *Allegro*

Caro Gott.

Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *fort.* and *pp.* The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Recitat. // $\text{F}\sharp$ 8

Handwritten musical score on ten staves, starting with the word *Choral* written above the first staff. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.* and *fort.* The key signature has one sharp (F#).

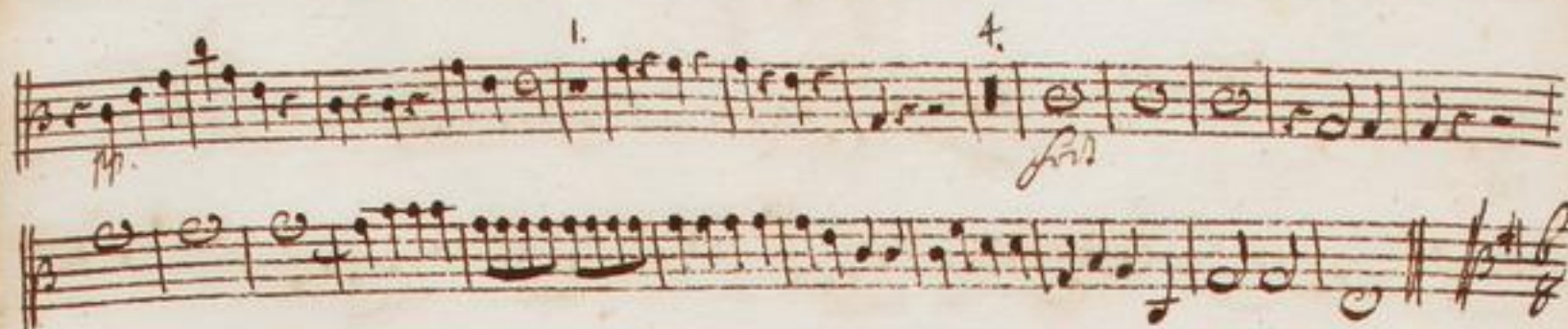
Violino. 2.

21

Handwritten musical score for "Die Schöne Müllerin" by Franz Schubert. The score is written on ten systems of staves, each containing a piano (p) part and a voice part. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The lyrics are in German, and the score includes various musical markings such as "p", "f", "pp", "ff", "Allegro", and "Recitativo". The handwriting is in brown ink on aged paper.

Die Schöne Müllerin
 1. *pp.* *f.*
 2. *pp.*
 3. *f.*
 4. *pp.*
 5. *f.*
 6. *pp.*
 7. *f.*
 8. *pp.*
 9. *f.*
 10. *pp.*
 11. *f.*
 12. *pp.*
 13. *f.*
 14. *pp.*
 15. *f.*
 16. *pp.*
 17. *f.*
 18. *pp.*
 19. *f.*
 20. *pp.*
 21. *f.*
 22. *pp.*
 23. *f.*
 24. *pp.*
 25. *f.*
 26. *pp.*
 27. *f.*
 28. *pp.*
 29. *f.*
 30. *pp.*
 31. *f.*
 32. *pp.*
 33. *f.*
 34. *pp.*
 35. *f.*
 36. *pp.*
 37. *f.*
 38. *pp.*
 39. *f.*
 40. *pp.*
 41. *f.*
 42. *pp.*
 43. *f.*
 44. *pp.*
 45. *f.*
 46. *pp.*
 47. *f.*
 48. *pp.*
 49. *f.*
 50. *pp.*
 51. *f.*
 52. *pp.*
 53. *f.*
 54. *pp.*
 55. *f.*
 56. *pp.*
 57. *f.*
 58. *pp.*
 59. *f.*
 60. *pp.*
 61. *f.*
 62. *pp.*
 63. *f.*
 64. *pp.*
 65. *f.*
 66. *pp.*
 67. *f.*
 68. *pp.*
 69. *f.*
 70. *pp.*
 71. *f.*
 72. *pp.*
 73. *f.*
 74. *pp.*
 75. *f.*
 76. *pp.*
 77. *f.*
 78. *pp.*
 79. *f.*
 80. *pp.*
 81. *f.*
 82. *pp.*
 83. *f.*
 84. *pp.*
 85. *f.*
 86. *pp.*
 87. *f.*
 88. *pp.*
 89. *f.*
 90. *pp.*
 91. *f.*
 92. *pp.*
 93. *f.*
 94. *pp.*
 95. *f.*
 96. *pp.*
 97. *f.*
 98. *pp.*
 99. *f.*
 100. *pp.*
 101. *f.*
 102. *pp.*
 103. *f.*
 104. *pp.*
 105. *f.*
 106. *pp.*
 107. *f.*
 108. *pp.*
 109. *f.*
 110. *pp.*
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 112. *pp.*
 113. *f.*
 114. *pp.*
 115. *f.*
 116. *pp.*
 117. *f.*
 118. *pp.*
 119. *f.*
 120. *pp.*
 121. *f.*
 122. *pp.*
 123. *f.*
 124. *pp.*
 125. *f.*
 126. *pp.*
 127. *f.*
 128. *pp.*
 129. *f.*
 130. *pp.*
 131. *f.*
 132. *pp.*
 133. *f.*
 134. *pp.*
 135. *f.*
 136. *pp.*
 137. *f.*
 138. *pp.*
 139. *f.*
 140. *pp.*
 141. *f.*
 142. *pp.*
 143. *f.*
 144. *pp.*
 145. *f.*
 146. *pp.*
 147. *f.*
 148. *pp.*
 149. *f.*
 150. *pp.*
 151. *f.*
 152. *pp.*
 153. *f.*
 154. *pp.*
 155. *f.*
 156. *pp.*
 157. *f.*
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 160. *pp.*
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 162. *pp.*
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 166. *pp.*
 167. *f.*
 168. *pp.*
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 176. *pp.*
 177. *f.*
 178. *pp.*
 179. *f.*
 180. *pp.*
 181. *f.*
 182. *pp.*
 183. *f.*
 184. *pp.*
 185. *f.*
 186. *pp.*
 187. *f.*
 188. *pp.*
 189. *f.*
 190. *pp.*
 191. *f.*
 192. *pp.*
 193. *f.*
 194. *pp.*
 195. *f.*
 196. *pp.*
 197. *f.*
 198. *pp.*
 199. *f.*
 200. *pp.*
 201. *f.*
 202. *pp.*
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 212. *pp.*
 213. *f.*
 214. *pp.*
 215. *f.*
 216. *pp.*
 217. *f.*
 218. *pp.*
 219. *f.*
 220. *pp.*
 221. *f.*
 222. *pp.*
 223. *f.*
 224. *pp.*
 225. *f.*
 226. *pp.*
 227. *f.*
 228. *pp.*
 229. *f.*
 230. *pp.*
 231. *f.*
 232. *pp.*
 233. *f.*
 234. *pp.*
 235. *f.*
 236. *pp.*
 237. *f.*
 238. *pp.*
 239. *f.*
 240. *pp.*
 241. *f.*
 242. *pp.*
 243. *f.*
 244. *pp.*
 245. *f.*
 246. *pp.*
 247. *f.*
 248. *pp.*
 249. *f.*
 250. *pp.*
 251. *f.*
 252. *pp.*
 253. *f.*
 254. *pp.*
 255. *f.*
 256. *pp.*
 257. *f.*
 258. *pp.*
 259. *f.*
 260. *pp.*
 261. <

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.* (pianissimo) and *ff.* (fortissimo). The score is divided into sections, with a prominent section labeled "Recitat" (Recitative) in the middle. The manuscript shows signs of wear, including torn edges and some fading of the ink.



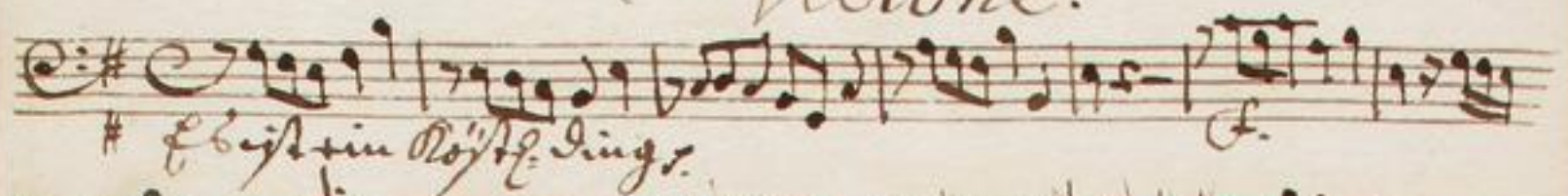
13



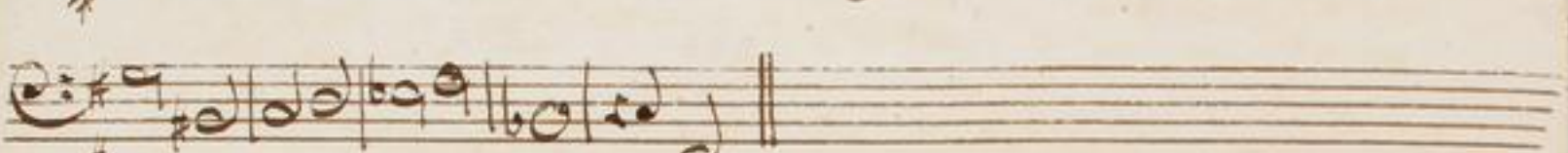
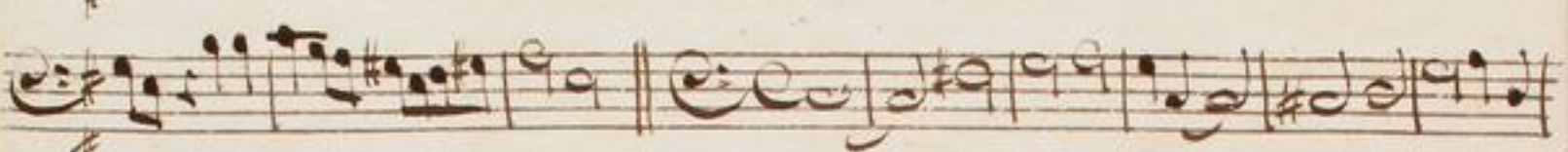
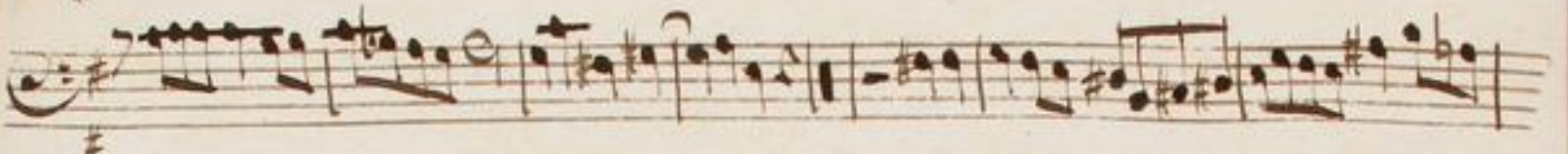


Violone.

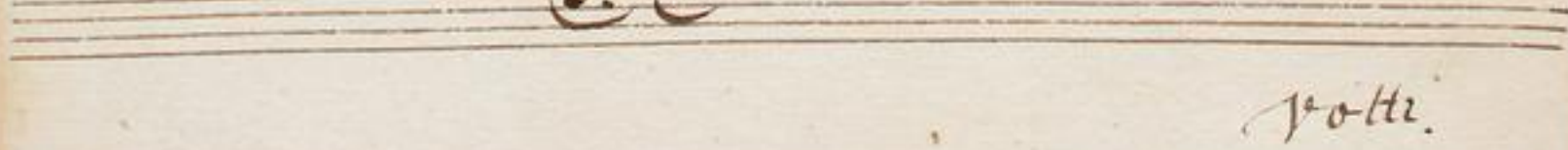
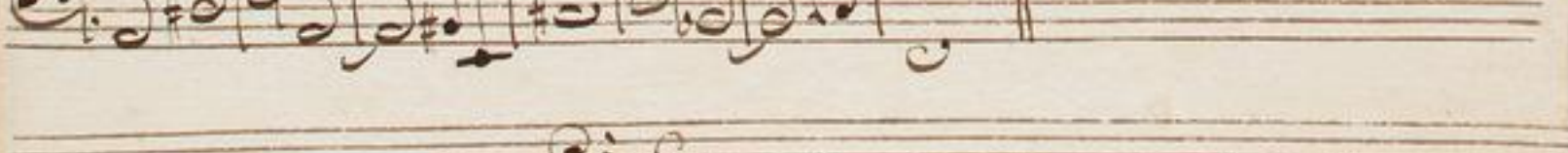
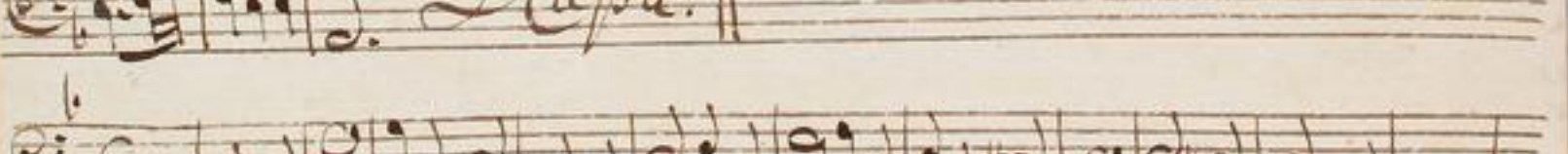
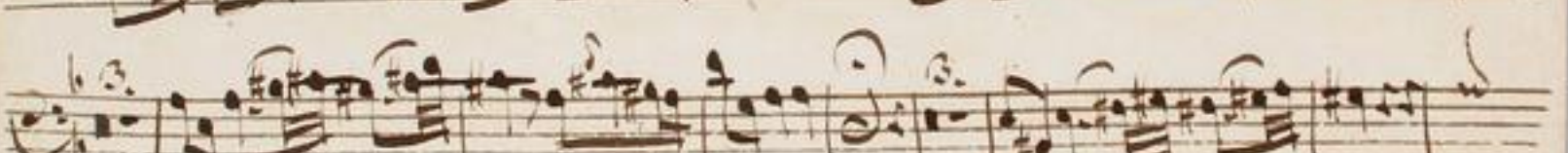
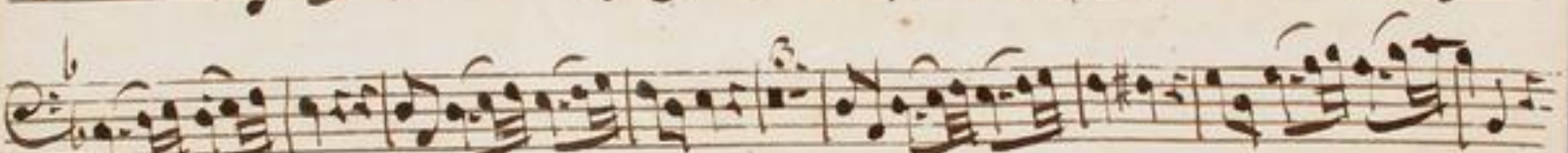
74



Es ist ein Noth Ding.



Seydert. gläubig. Hille.



Volti.

Allegro.

Wach Gott! ruft

Handwritten musical score on page 15, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.* (pianissimo). A section of the score is labeled *Choral* and includes the text *E. Meier-Berlin* written below the staff. The manuscript is written in brown ink on aged paper.

fließ nicht fassen kann was Gott hat das was er - - - hat das soll uns
 muß geschehen - - - ob gleich das fließ nicht fass - - -
 - - - hat ob gleich das fließ - nicht fassen kann

Capo

Recitat *Aria* *Recitat*

Mein Dank ist stille zu Gott in dem Willen - mir zu sel -
 - - - zu selten mir zu selten steht Mein Herz ist vergnügt
 mit dem was Gott füget nimm an was er gibt gibt es
 mir zum Frieden zu und bleib Jesus in gescheiden
 so bin ich zu Frieden

17

4

Recit Aria lat: || Recit Aria lat: || Recit Rec: || Chor

Handwritten musical score for a hymn. The title is "Mein Sol ist stiller zu Gott, in dem Willen". The score is written on five staves with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are written below the staves. The first staff begins with a "7." measure. The second staff has a "Solo." marking. The third staff has a "Tutti." marking. The fourth staff has a "2." marking. The fifth staff has a "4." marking. The sixth staff has a "4." marking. The seventh staff has a "5." marking. The eighth staff has a "6." marking. The lyrics are: "Mein Sol ist stiller zu Gott, in dem Willen", "mir zu Selbsten, zu Selbsten, mir zu Selbsten, Gott, mein Geist ist", "günstig mit dem, wie Gott selbsten, nicht an, wie es geht,", "gott es nur zum Glauben zu, und bleibt fest ungerissen =", "dem, so bin ich zu finden."

Alto. in Cips.

19

5. *So ist ein Rhythmus Ding, das ein Knecht sein gütlich, so*
das ein Knecht sein gütlich gütlich, so wenn ich was über-
fall- *und seinen Mund in den Staub - in den Staub, sein*
Mund in den Staub - so sein Mund in den Staub, so sein
Mund seinen Mund in den Staub - so - so und der Lohmeyer
war - so der Lohmeyer war - so
Lohmeyer war - so

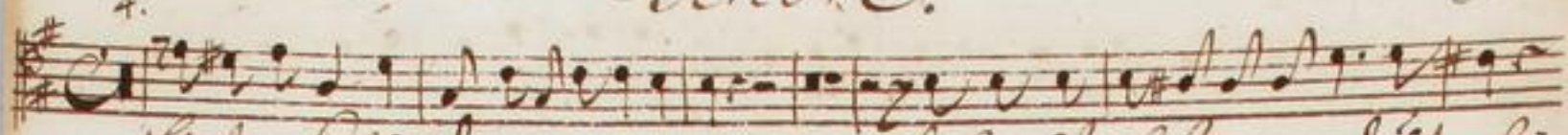
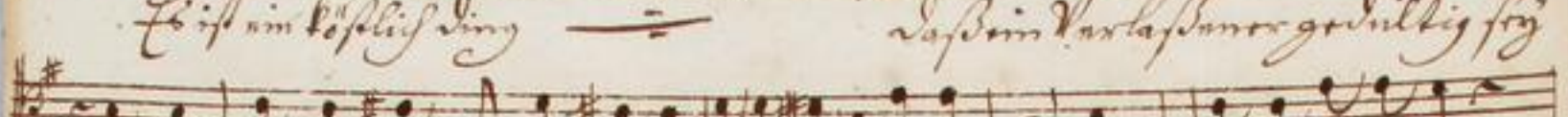
7. *Alles ist still, zu Gott das will*
mir zu selbst sein, mein Lohmeyer
mit dem Werk Gottes, und an mir es geht
geht es nur zum Lohmeyer, und bleibt Lohmeyer
so bin ich zu sein

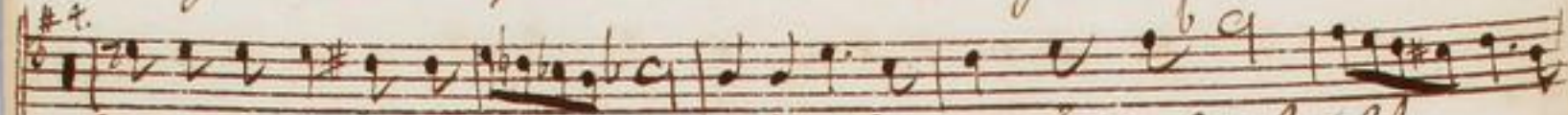
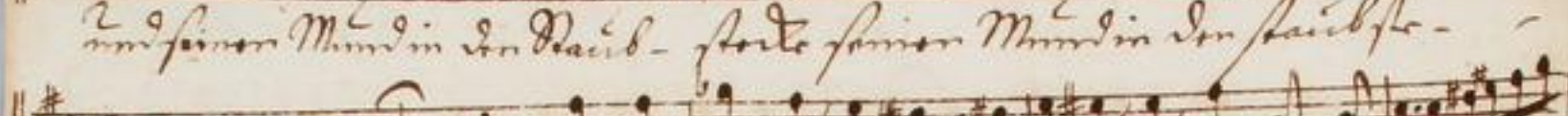
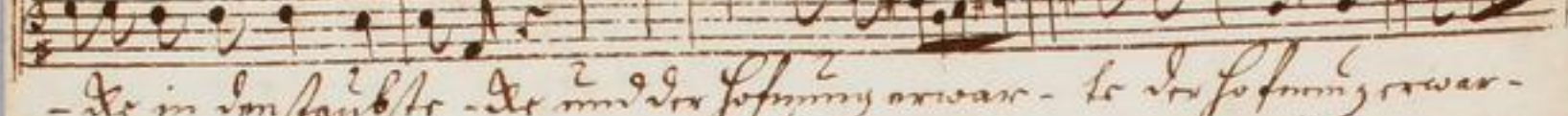
Manus. 446/1

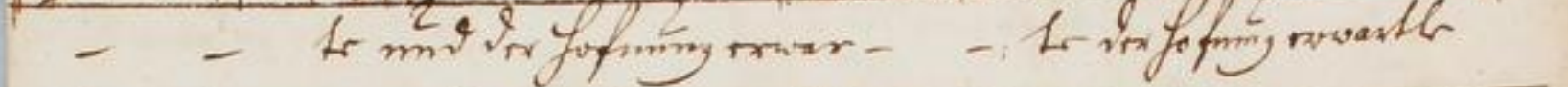
Bl. 20 entnommen, da offensichtlich
nicht zu dieser Kantate gehörig.

April 1978

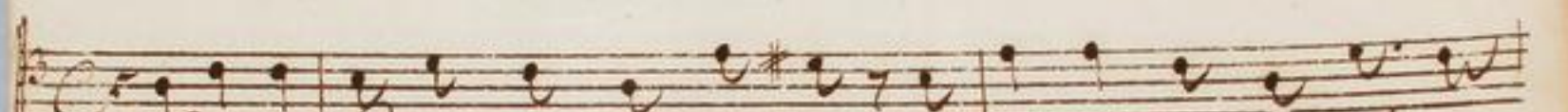
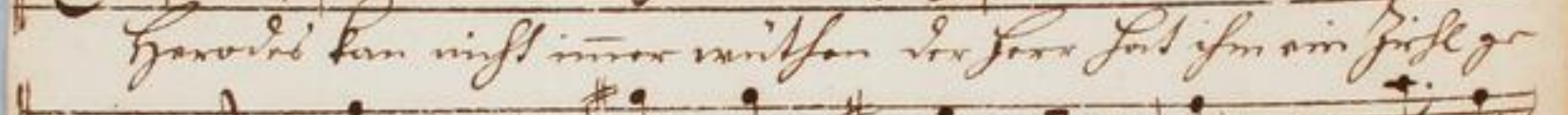
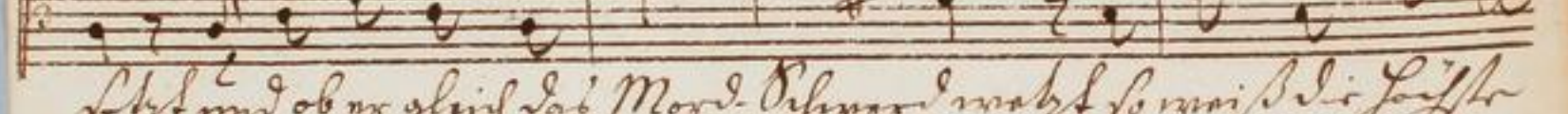
Bill

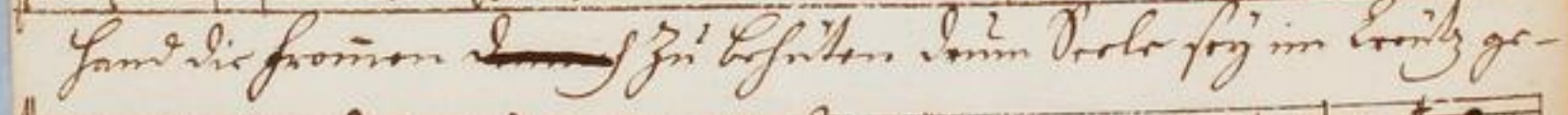
4. 
 Es ist ein köstlich Ding — das sein Verlassener geduldig sey
 wenn ihn etwas überfällt — wenn ihn etwas etwas überfällt

 in seiner Mund in der Taub- stete seiner Mund in der Taubste-

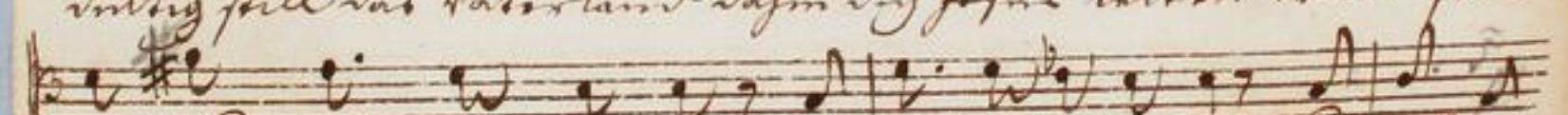
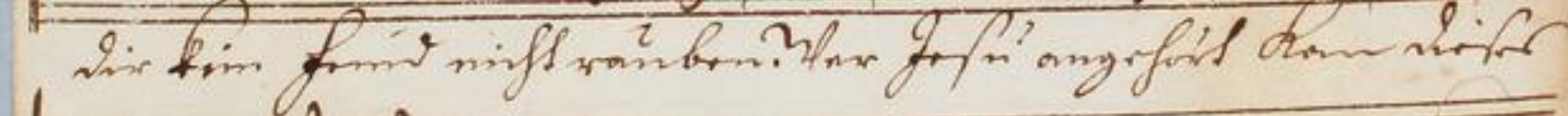
 - de in der Taubste - de mit der Jesum erwart - te der Jesum erwart-

 - te mit der Jesum erwart - te der Jesum erwart-

 - te mit der Jesum erwart - te der Jesum erwart-

 - te mit der Jesum erwart - te der Jesum erwart-

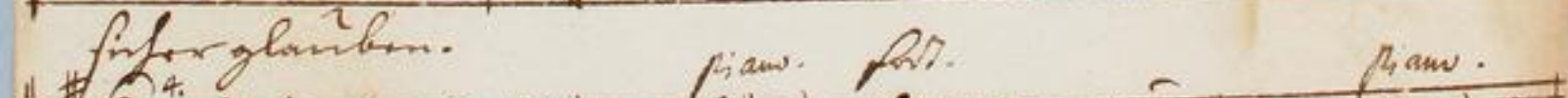
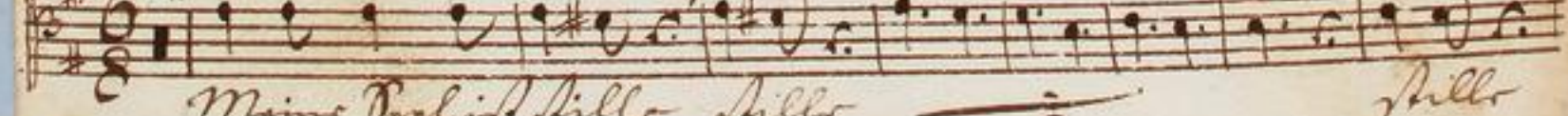
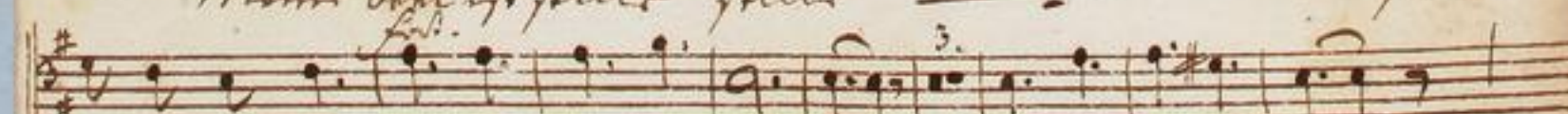
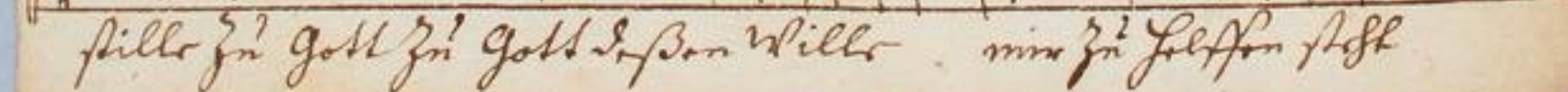
 - te mit der Jesum erwart - te der Jesum erwart-


Recit||Aria||Recit||Aria||


 Gar nicht kan nicht mehr wissen der Herr Jesu am Jesu ge-

 steht und ob er gleich das Mord-Bisener macht so weiß die Lichte

 Land die frommen Luth zu befehlen dem Volk sey im ewig ge-

 dultig still das Vaterland dasin die Jesu leiten will soll

 die him him nicht verben. War Jesu angeführt dem nicht

 fester glauben.

 Meine Best ist stille stille

 stille zu Gott zu Gott in dem Willen mir zu helfen steht

4. 
 Meine Best ist stille stille

 stille zu Gott zu Gott in dem Willen mir zu helfen steht

 stille zu Gott zu Gott in dem Willen mir zu helfen steht


mein Jesu ist verzehret verzehret — mit
 dem — mit dem wird Gott frucht — nimm an —
 nimm an was ab Gott — Gott ab mir zum Himmel zum Himmel
 Gott ab mir zum Himmel zu — und bleibst Jesus mich pfunden mich
 pfunden und bleibst Jesus mich pfunden — so bin ich zu pfunden
 zu pfunden so —

Ist ein köstlich Ding, daß ein von Laßener gütlich sey, wenn ihn
 Staub überfällt - - - und seinen Mund in den
 Staub - in den Staub - so - so und seinen Mund in den Staub - in den Staub
 - steht und der Jesuung war - - - so und der
 Jesuung war - so

Recitativ

Wie frey ist nicht die Welt, so frey ist nicht das Exil, so frey ist nicht die Welt
 Wenn sich ein Unglück ereignet, so greift sie zu Anklagen
 Mittel. Die wir der Freyheit und dem Lande und dem Lande. Das
 Ihn die Kinder Gottes nicht. Sündt sie im Jänner Land man jagt sie
 aus dem Katakomben, so schwärzt ihr Munde, ihr Freyheit Gottes die Freyheit
 Die nehmen sie zum Lande, was Gold ist das ist wohl gegeben
 Was Gold ist das ist wohl gegeben, das ist wohl gegeben so
 wird in al- len Da- - - mit mir zum Besten

ma - - - - -

führt er mich auf die Meer- — — — — — der Hafen auf die
 Meeres Hafen so weiß ich — — — — — so weiß
 — ich keine Feinde am Ende keine Feinde die
 lei- — — — — — bin in der Feinde Lanaan
 — — — — — daß ich mich frei — — — — — von mich frei
 — — — — — daß ich mich frei — — — — — von mich frei — — — — — von
 sagen kann was Gott thut — — — — — was Gott thut das ist wohl —

Recitat

— gottan
 Choral. Meins Vord ist stille Zu Gott des Willen
 mir zu helfen steht mein Fatz ist Vezunges mit dem
 was Gott fraget rind an mich ab geht geht es mich zum
 Fintel zu — — — — — mit bleibt Jesus in gesunden so bin
 ich zu finden

Ist ein köstlich Ding das ein Verlassener geduldig sey wann ihn
 etwas überfällt - - - wann ihn etwas überfällt mit seinen
 Mund in den Staub - in den Staub - so - so mit seinen Mund in den
 Staub - in den Staub - so - so und der Hoffnung erwart - - -
 so und der Hoffnung erwart - - - *Recitativo Aria Recitativo*
 Was Gott thut das ist wohlgethan Es wird in al - len Da -
 -
 -
 zum besten ma -
 Mar -
 -
 -
 Die - ne Län - der die bei - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
 am Ende sein sein in das himel's Land
 das ist mit fern -
 fern -
 der sa - gen kan das ist mit
 der sa - gen kan Was Gott thut

Das ist wohlgesan was Gott ist Das ist wohl - Das ist wohlge

Recital

Horn *piano* *for.*
Choral. Meine Vol ist stille stille *zu Gott*
desen Wille mir zu selten steht Mein Seel ist verzogen
mit dem wird Gott zuget nimm an wie ab geht
geht ab mir zum Himmel zu und bleibt Jesus ungeschieden
so bin ich zu finden